

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

12 CFR Part 226

[Docket No. R-1494]

RIN 7100 ZA-08

BUREAU OF CONSUMER FINANCIAL PROTECTION

12 CFR Part 1026

**Truth in Lending (Regulation Z)** 

**AGENCIES:** Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Board); and Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection (Bureau).

**ACTION:** Final rule; official interpretations and commentary.

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SUMMARY: The Board and the Bureau are publishing final rules amending the official interpretations and commentary for the agencies' regulations that implement the Truth in Lending Act (TILA). The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-Frank Act) amended TILA by requiring that the dollar threshold for exempt consumer credit transactions be adjusted annually by any annual percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W). Based on the annual percentage increase in the CPI-W as of June 1, 2014, the Board and the Bureau are adjusting the exemption threshold to \$54,600, effective January 1, 2015.

Because the Dodd-Frank Act also requires similar adjustments in the Consumer Leasing Act's threshold for exempt consumer leases, the Board and the Bureau are making similar amendments to each of their respective regulations implementing the Consumer Leasing Act in a joint rulemaking published elsewhere in this issue of the *Federal Register*.

**DATES:** This final rule is effective January 1, 2015.

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**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** *Board:* Vivian W. Wong, Counsel, Division of Consumer and Community Affairs, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, at (202) 452-3667; for users of Telecommunications Device for the Deaf (TDD) only, contact (202) 263-4869.

*Bureau:* David Friend, Counsel, Office of Regulations, Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, at (202) 435-7700.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## I. Background

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (Dodd-Frank Act) increased the threshold in the Truth in Lending Act (TILA) for exempt consumer credit transactions<sup>1</sup> from \$25,000 to \$50,000, effective July 21, 2011.<sup>2</sup> In addition, the Dodd-Frank Act requires that this threshold be adjusted annually for inflation by the annual percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. In April 2011, the Board issued a final rule amending Regulation Z (which implements TILA) consistent with these provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act.<sup>3</sup>

Title X of the Dodd-Frank Act transferred rulemaking authority for a number of consumer financial protection laws from the Board to the Bureau, effective July 21, 2011. In connection with this transfer of rulemaking authority, the Bureau issued its own Regulation Z

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Although consumer credit transactions above the threshold are generally exempt, loans secured by real property or by personal property used or expected to be used as the principal dwelling of a consumer and private education loans are covered by TILA regardless of the loan amount. *See* 12 CFR 226.3(b)(1)(i) and 12 CFR 1026.3(b)(1)(i).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Public Law 111-203 section 1100E, 124 Stat. 1376 (2010).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 76 FR 18354 (Apr. 4, 2011).

implementing TILA in an interim final rule, 12 CFR part 1026 (Bureau Interim Final Rule).<sup>4</sup>
The Bureau Interim Final Rule substantially duplicated the Board's Regulation Z, including the revisions to the threshold for exempt transactions made by the Board in April 2011. Although the Bureau has the authority to issue rules to implement TILA for most entities, the Board retains authority to issue rules under TILA for certain motor vehicle dealers covered by section 1029(a) of the Dodd-Frank Act, and the Board's Regulation Z continues to apply to those entities.<sup>5</sup>

Section 226.3(b)(1)(ii) of the Board's Regulation Z and § 1026.3(b)(1)(ii) of the Bureau's Regulation Z, and their accompanying commentaries, provide that the exemption threshold will be adjusted annually effective January 1 of each year based on any annual percentage increase in the CPI-W that was in effect on the preceding June 1. Any increase in the threshold amount will be rounded to the nearest \$100 increment. For example, if the annual percentage increase in the CPI-W would result in a \$950 increase in the threshold amount, the threshold amount will be increased by \$1,000. However, if the annual percentage increase in the CPI-W would result in a \$949 increase in the threshold amount, the threshold amount will be increased by \$900.6

# II. Adjustment and Commentary Revision

Effective January 1, 2015, the adjusted exemption threshold amount is \$54,600. This adjustment is based on the CPI-W index in effect on June 1, 2014, which was reported on May 15, 2014. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes consumer-based indices monthly, but does not report a CPI change on June 1; adjustments are reported in the middle of the month. The CPI-W is a subset of the CPI-U index (based on all urban consumers) and represents approximately 28 percent of the U.S. population. The adjustment reflects a 2 percent increase in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 76 FR 79768 (Dec. 22, 2011).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See also 12 U.S.C. 5519(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See comments 3(b)-1 in Supplements I of 12 CFR part 226 and 12 CFR part 1026.

the CPI-W from April 2013 to April 2014 and is rounded to the nearest \$100 increment. Accordingly, the Board and the Bureau are revising the commentaries to their respective regulations to add new comment 3(b)-1.vi to state that, from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the threshold amount is \$54,600. These revisions are effective January 1, 2015.

#### **III. Administrative Law Matters**

Administrative Procedure Act

Under the Administrative Procedure Act, notice and opportunity for public comment are not required if the Board and the Bureau find that notice and public comment are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest. This annual adjustment is required by statute. The amendment in this notice is technical and non-discretionary, and it applies the method previously established in the agencies' regulations for determining adjustments to the exemption threshold. For these reasons, the Board and the Bureau have determined that publishing a notice of proposed rulemaking and providing opportunity for public comment are unnecessary. Therefore, the amendments are adopted in final form.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) does not apply to a rulemaking where a general notice of proposed rulemaking is not required.<sup>8</sup> As noted previously, the agencies have determined that it is unnecessary to publish a general notice of proposed rulemaking for this joint final rule. Accordingly, the RFA's requirements relating to an initial and final regulatory flexibility analysis do not apply.

8 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B).

Paperwork Reduction Act

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995,9 the agencies reviewed this final rule. No collections of information pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act are contained in the final rule.

## **List of Subjects**

12 CFR Part 226

Advertising, Consumer protection, Federal Reserve System, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Truth in Lending.

12 CFR Part 1026

Advertising, Consumer protection, Credit, Credit unions, Mortgages, National banks, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Savings associations, Truth in lending.

#### BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

## **Text of Final Revisions**

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, the Board amends Regulation Z, 12 CFR part 226, as set forth below:

# PART 226—TRUTH IN LENDING (REGULATION Z)

1. The authority citation for part 226 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 12 U.S.C. 3806; 15 U.S.C. 1604, 1637(c)(5), and 1639(l); Pub. L. No. 111-24 section 2, 123 Stat. 1734; Pub. L. No. 111-203, 124 Stat. 1376.

### **Subpart A—General**

2. In Supplement I to part 226, under *Section 226.3—Exempt Transactions*, under *3(b) Credit over applicable threshold amount*, paragraph 1.vi is added to read as follows:

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<sup>9 44</sup> U.S.C. 3506; 5 CFR 1320.

Supplement I to Part 226—Official Staff Interpretations								
*	*	*	*	*				
SUBPA	RT A—	GENERA	L					
*	*	*	*	*				
Section 226.3—Exempt Transactions								
*	*	*	*	*				
	3(b) Credit over applicable threshold amount.							
	1. Threshold amount. ***							
	vi. Fro	m Janu	ary 1, 2	015 through December 31, 2015, the threshold amount is \$54,600.				
*	*	*	*	*				
BUREAU OF CONSUMER FINANCIAL PROTECTION								
Authority and Issuance								
	For the	reason	s set for	th in the preamble, the Bureau amends Regulation Z, 12 CFR part				
1026, a	as set fo	rth belo	w:					
PART 1026—TRUTH IN LENDING (REGULATION Z)								
	1. The	authori	ty citati	on for part 1026 continues to read as follows:				
U.S.C.	<b>Autho</b> : 1601 <i>e</i> :	-	2 U.S.C	. 2601, 2603-2605, 2607, 2609, 2617, 5511, 5512, 5532, 5581; 15				
	2. In S	upplem	ent I to	part 1026, under Section 1026.3—Exempt Transactions, under 3(b)				
Credit	Over A	pplicabl	le Thres	shold Amount, paragraph 1.vi is added to read as follows:				
Supple	ement I	to Part	t 1026–	-Official Interpretations				
*	*	*	*	*				

SUBPART A—GENERAL

*	*	*	*	*				
Section 1026.3—Exempt Transactions								
*	*	*	*	*				
	3(b) Credit Over Applicable Threshold Amount							
	1. Threshold amount. ***							
	vi. From January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the threshold amount is \$54,600.							
*	*	*	*	*				
By order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, September 8, 2014.								
Robert deV. Frierson.								
Secretary of the Board.								
Dated: September 3, 2014.								
Richard Cordray,								
Director, Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection.								
Billing Code: 6210-01-P; 4810-AM-P								

[FR Doc. 2014-21849 Filed 09/19/2014 at 8:45 am; Publication Date: 09/22/2014]